

# 狭帯域フィルターを用いた 金属欠乏星探査観測 および分光追観測

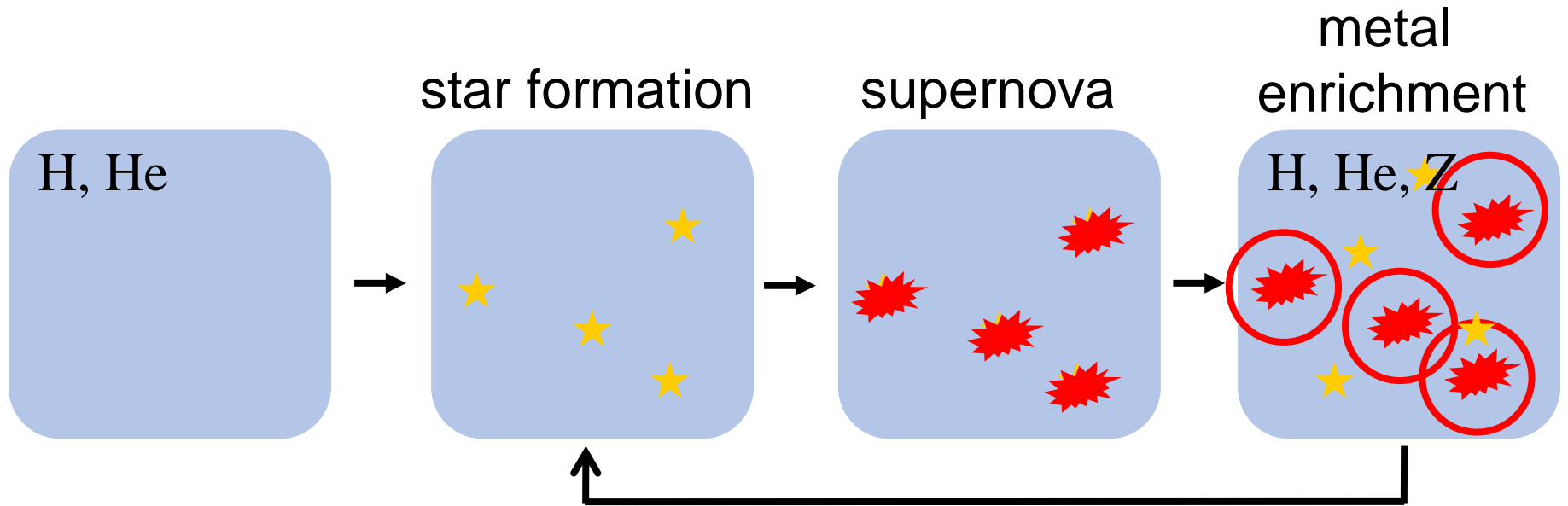
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# Metal-poor stars

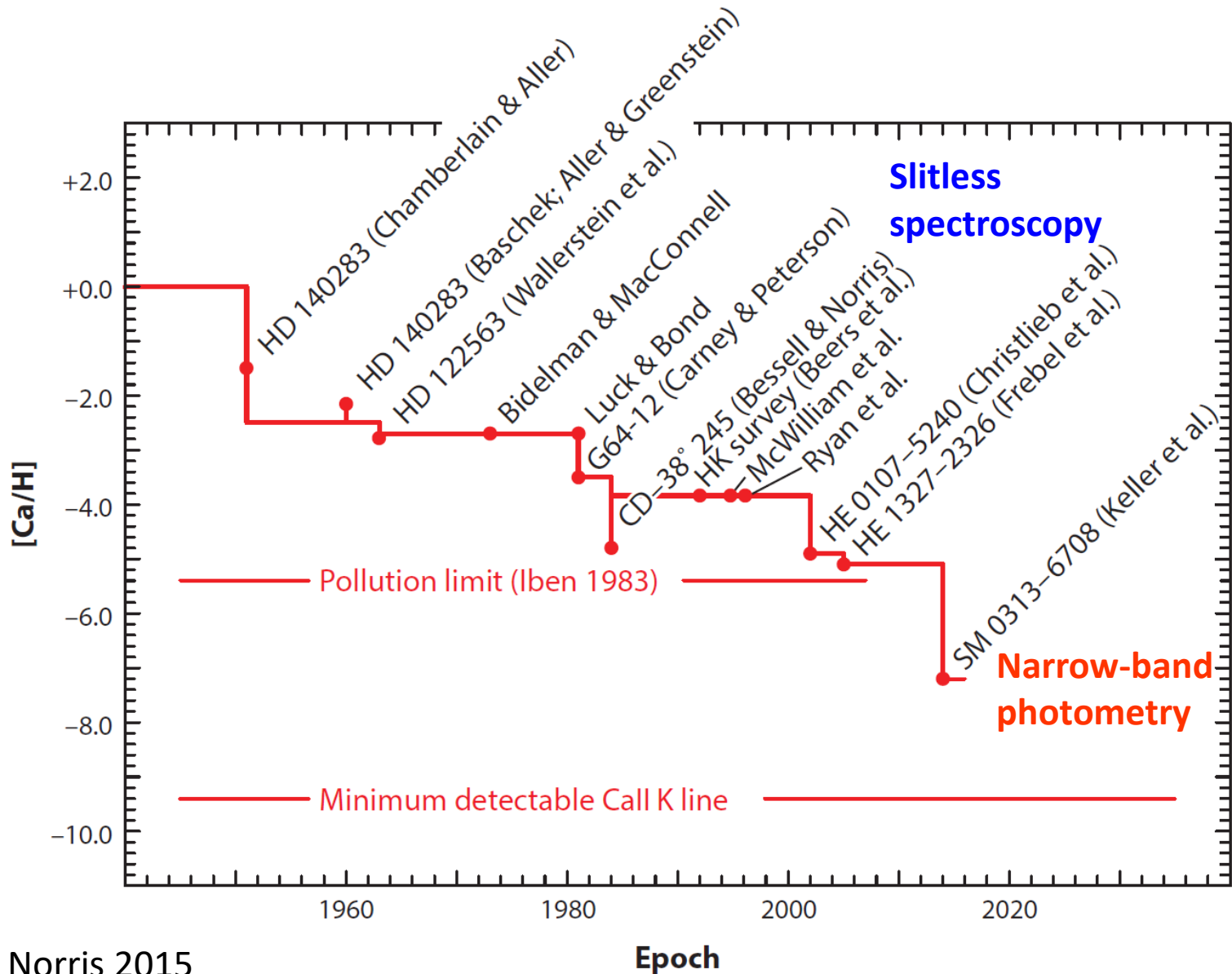


**Metallicity** increases with time

$$[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = \log(\text{Fe}/\text{H}) - \log(\text{Fe}/\text{H})_{\odot}$$

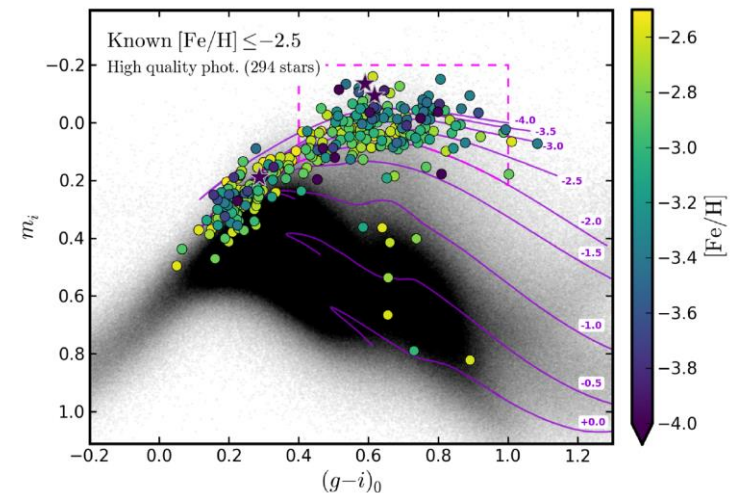
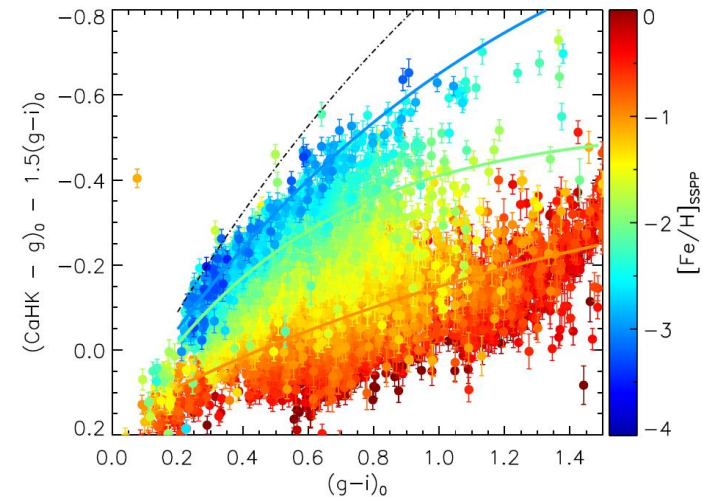
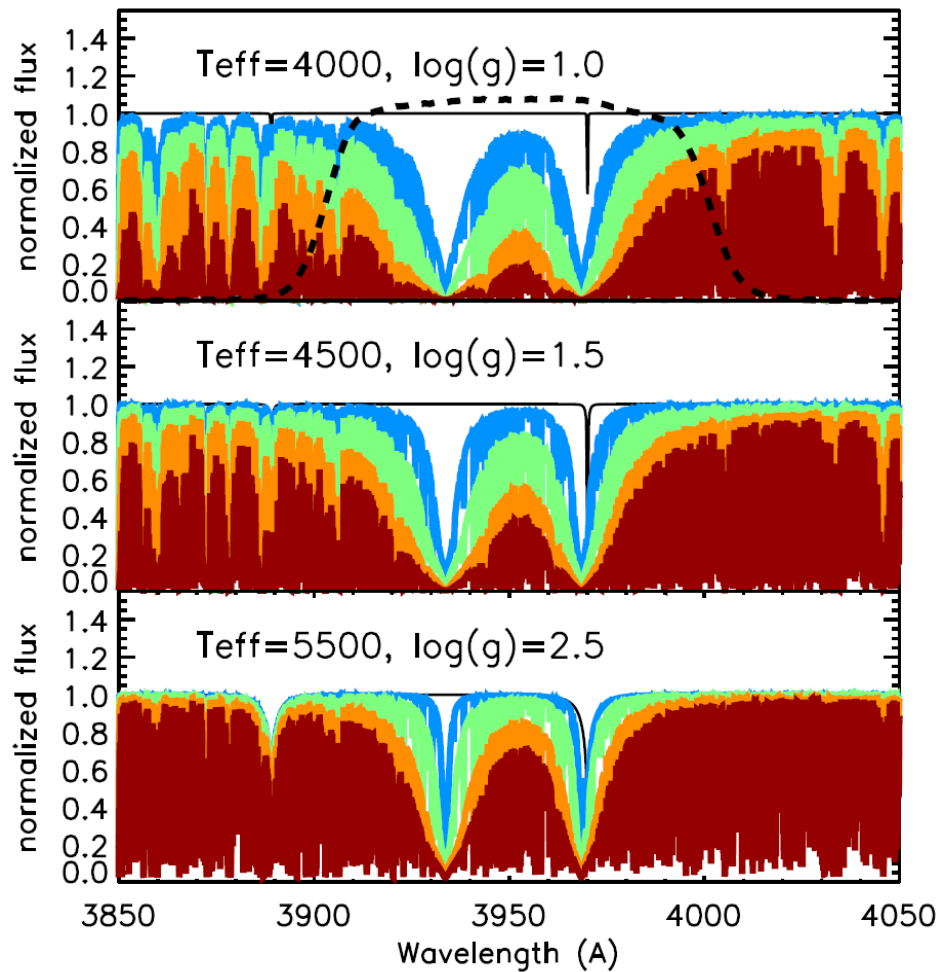


# Ca abundance of Fe-poor stars

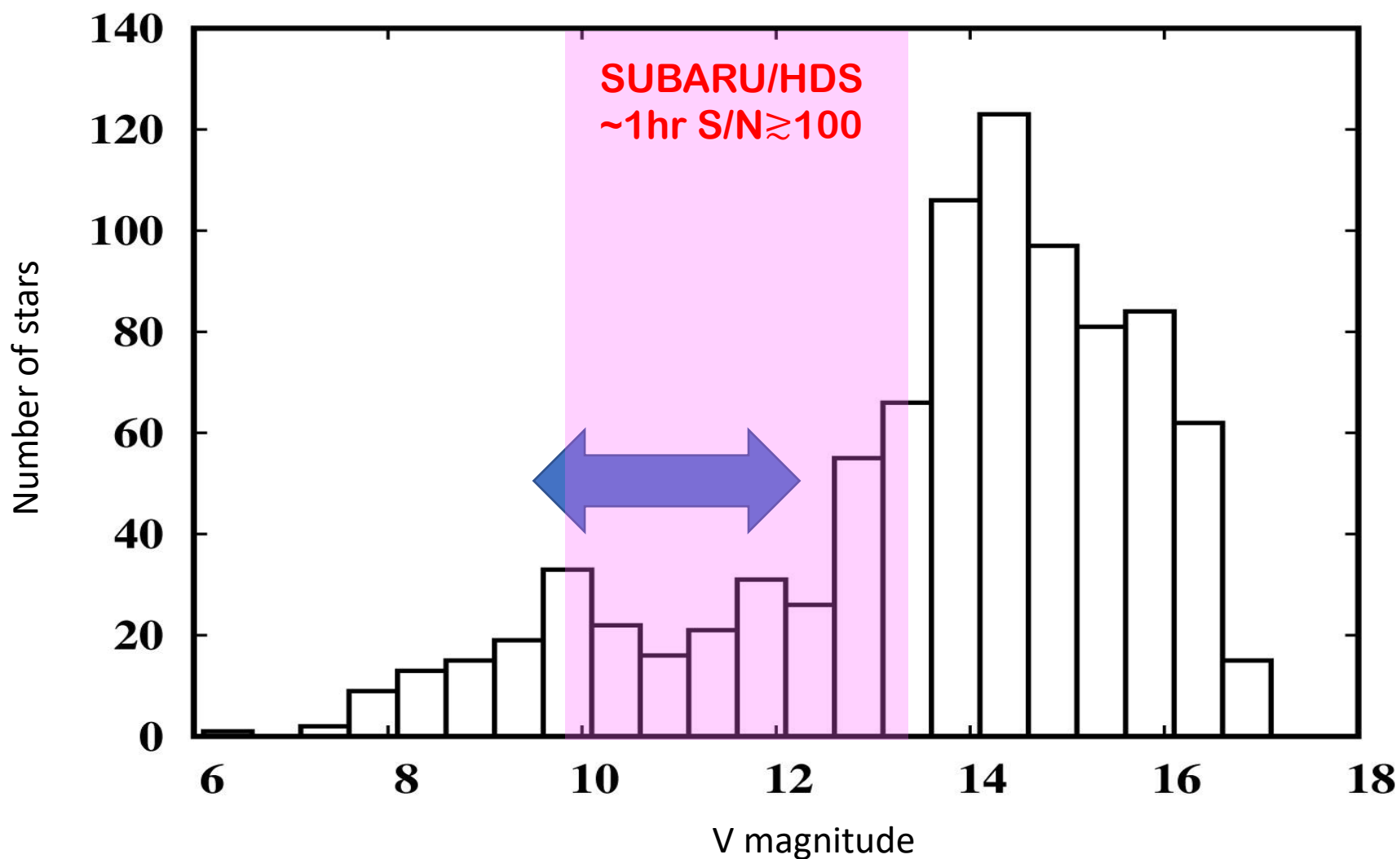


# Narrow band surveys

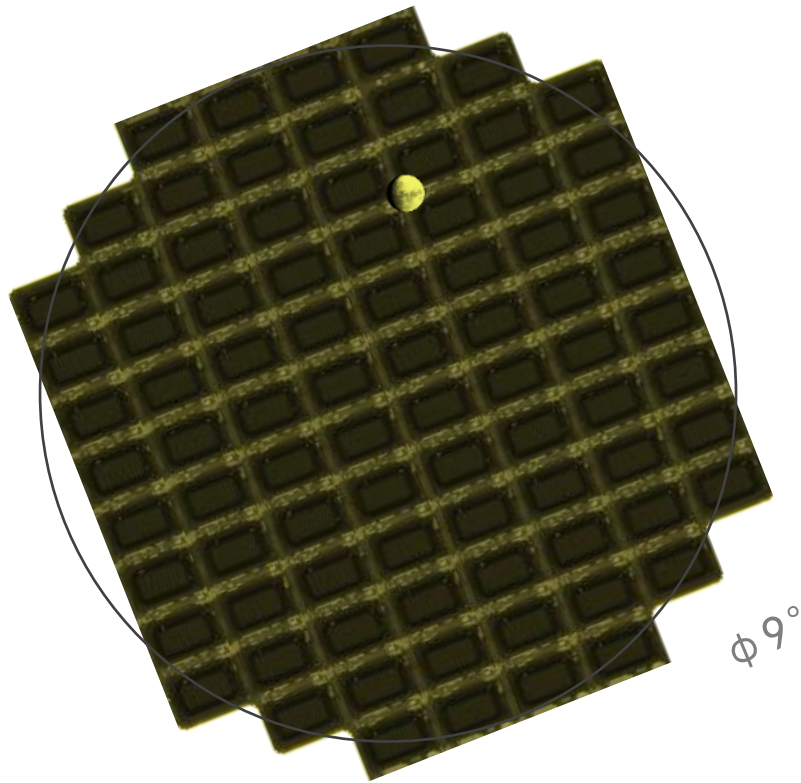
## Pristine survey & Skymapper survey



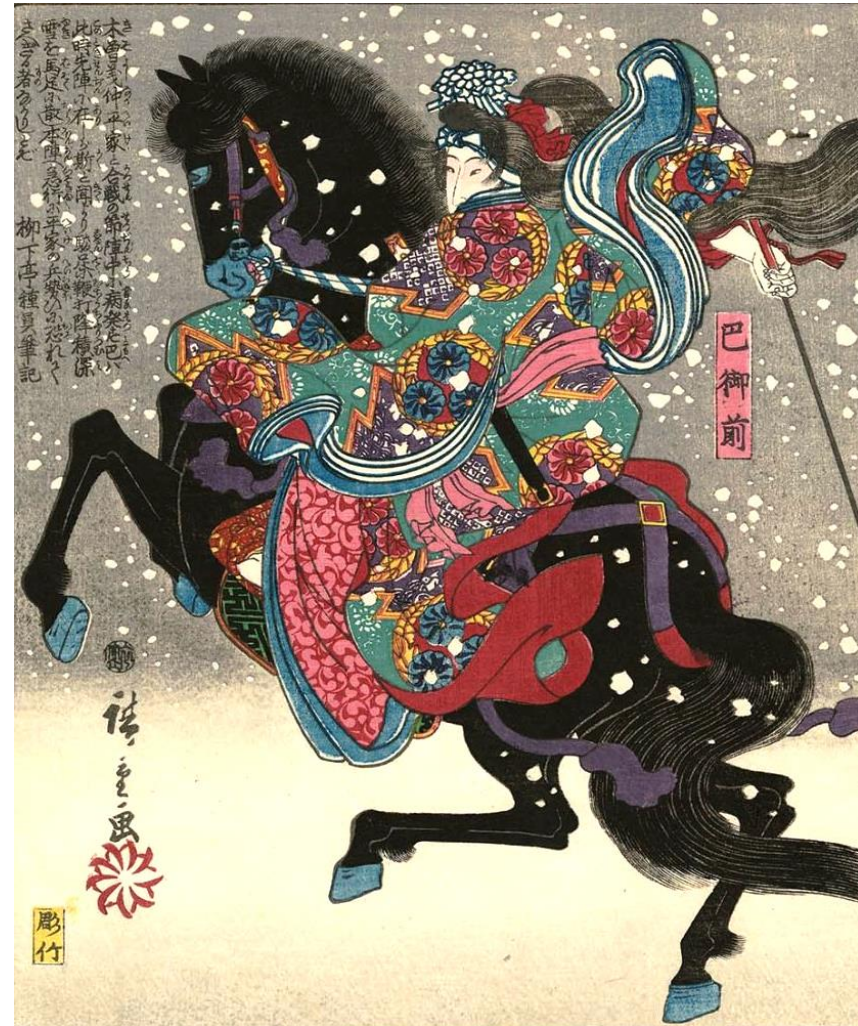
# Number of stars with $[Fe/H] < -2$



# Tomo-e Gozen Project

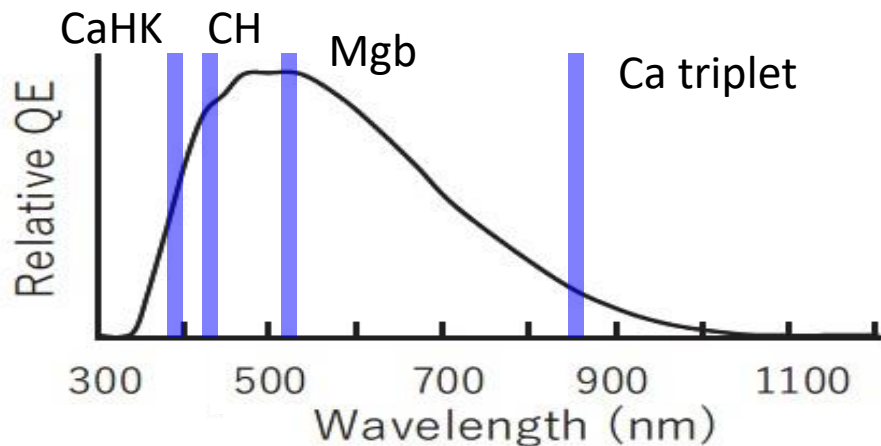


- 20deg<sup>2</sup> in φ9deg
- 84 CMOS chips
- 2Hz readout

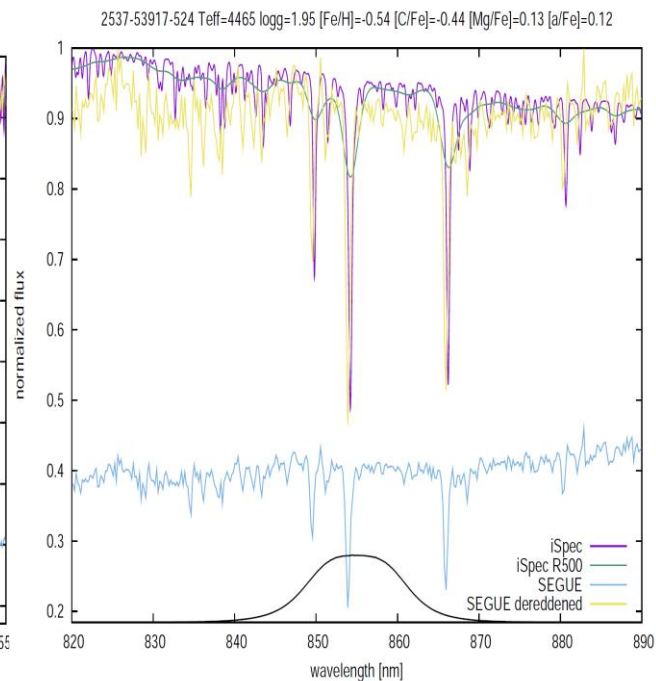
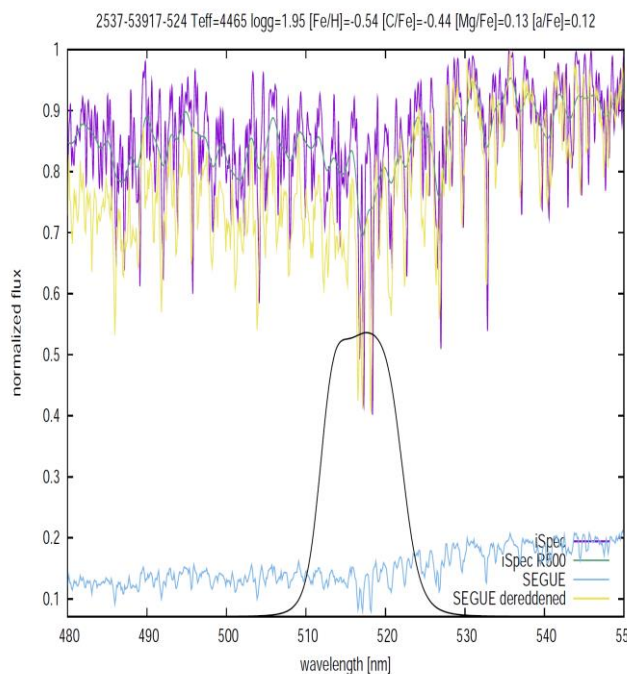
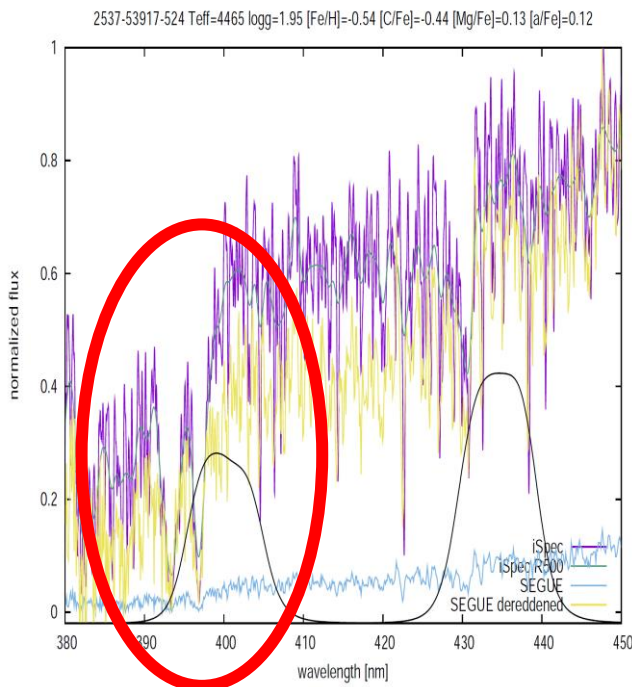




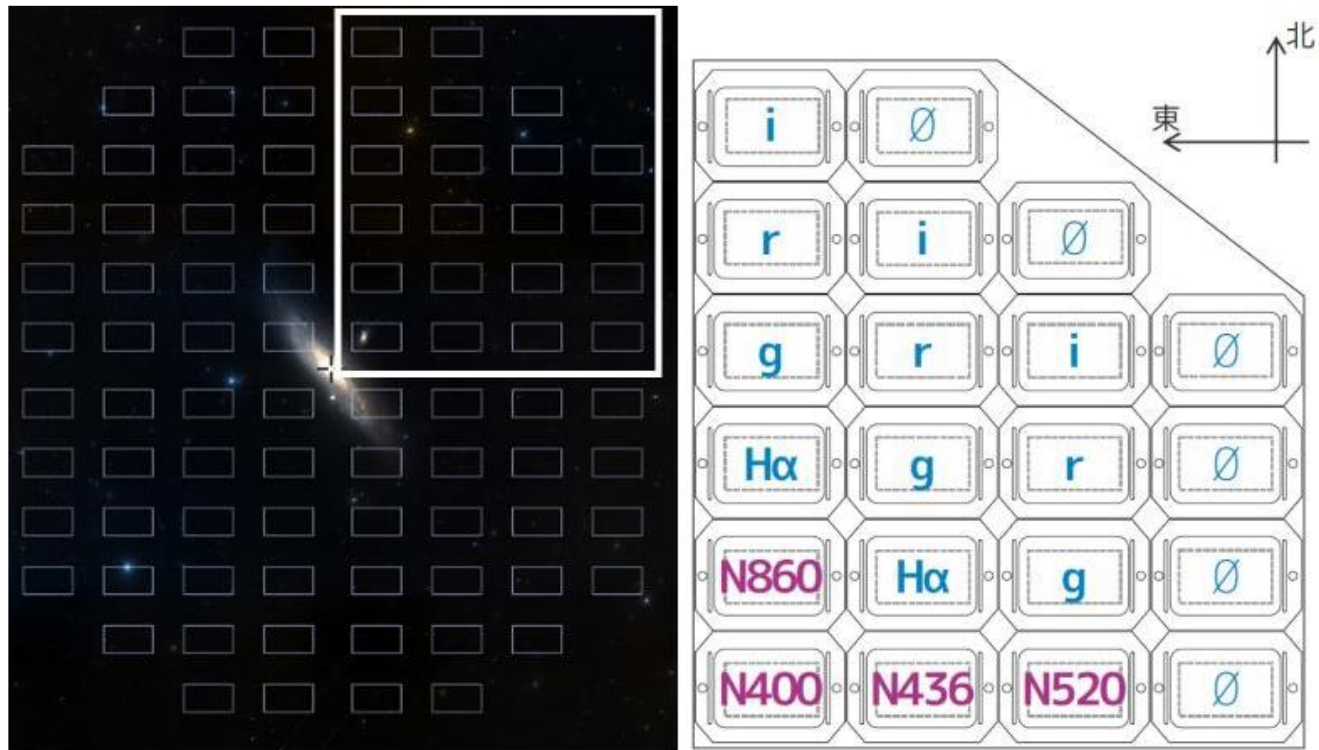
# Pilot study with ready-made filters



Wavelength	Lines
400nm	CaHK
436nm	CH
520nm	Mgb
860nm	Ca triplet



# Pilot study with ready-made filters



Survey area

4 NB:  $31\text{deg}^2$

$\geq 1$  NB:  $46\text{deg}^2$

Num of bright stars ( $<12\text{mag}$ )

4 NB:  $\sim 1100$

$\geq 1$  NB:  $\sim 20000$

Targets: metal-poor stars with  $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -2$



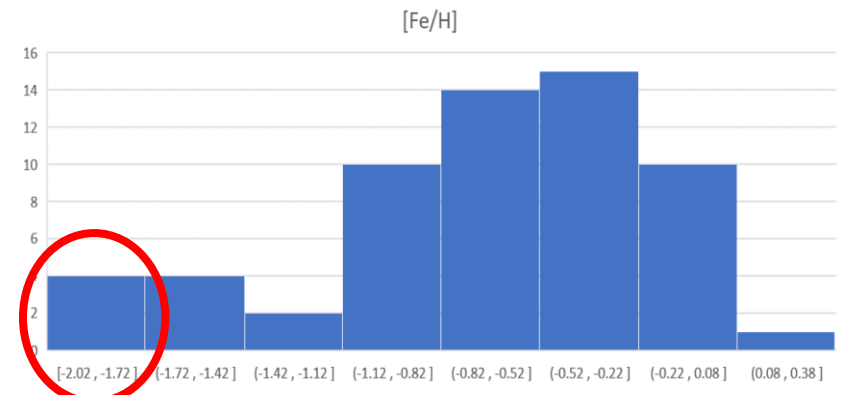
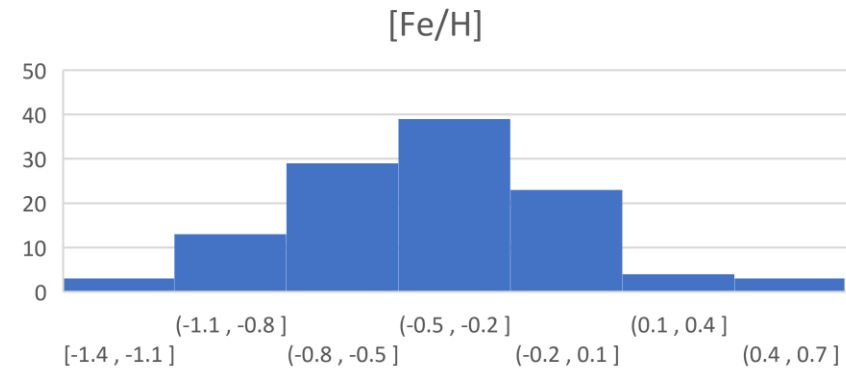
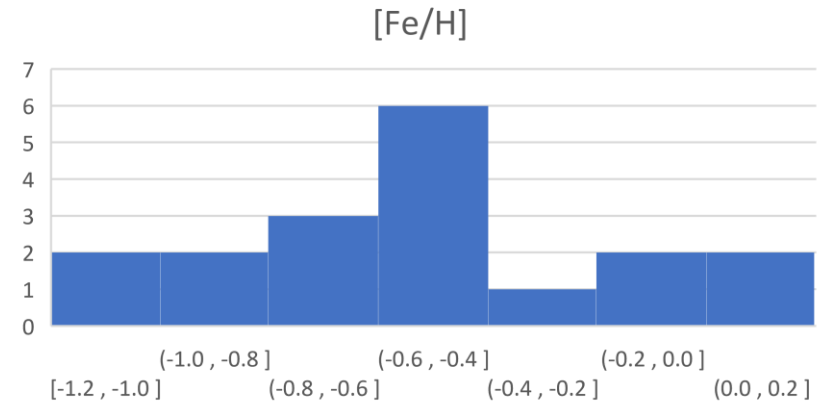
# Photometric calibration and photometric classification

- NB400, NB436, NB520, NB820 from Tomo-e
- BVugrizY from APASS
- G, Gbp, Grp from Gaia
- JHKs from 2MASS
- ugriz from SDSS
- FUV, NUV from GALEX-AIS



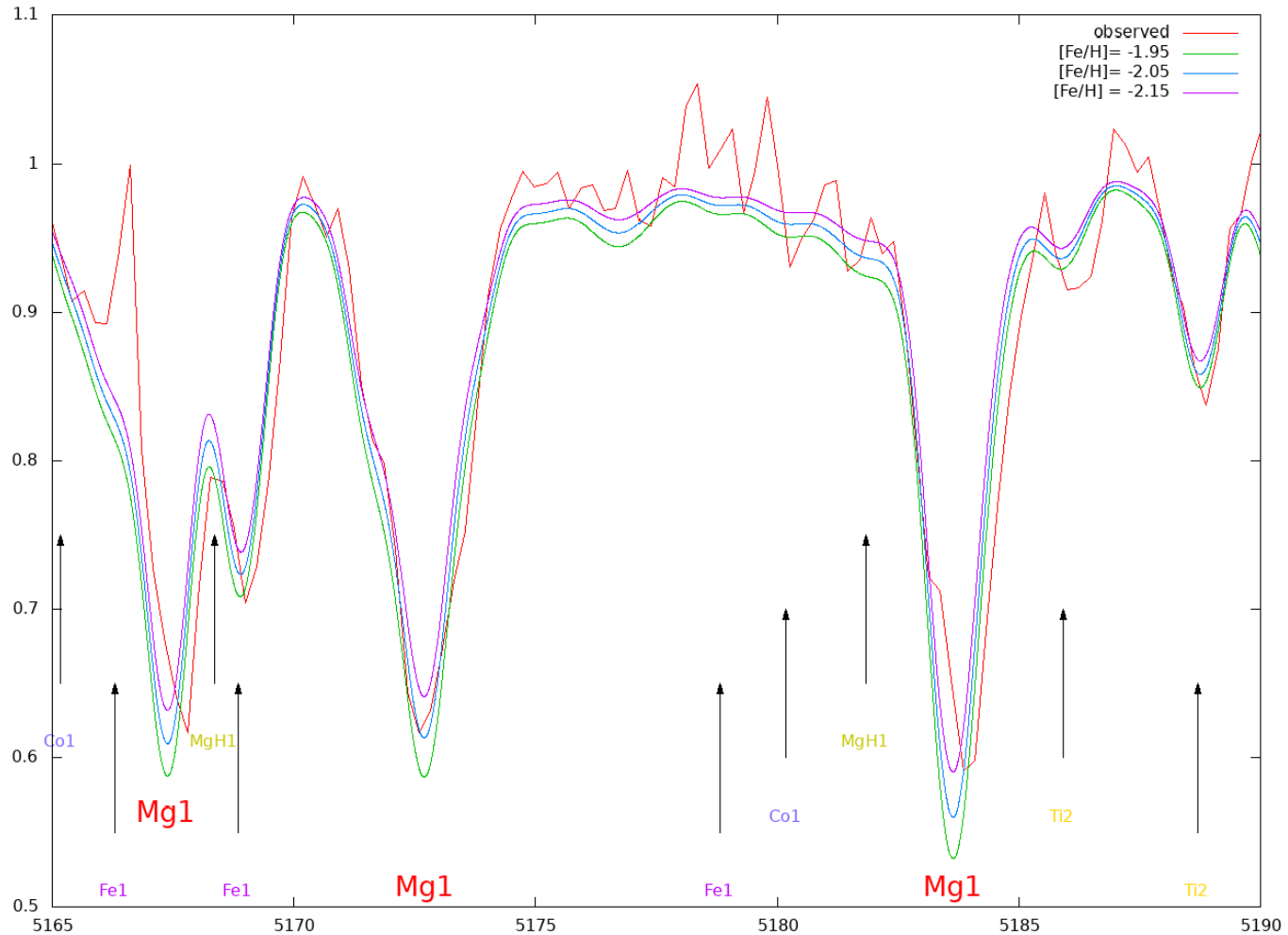
# Follow-ups with Nayuta/MALLS and improvement of candidate selection

- Feb 20
  - ~18 stars w/ ~10-12mag
  - ML: NN & RF
  - Training: ~50 stars (Tomo-e)
- Sep 20
  - 117 stars w/ < 10mag
  - ML: NN, RF, XGB, & LGBM
  - Training: ~160,000 iSpec model
- Dec 20
  - 70 stars w/ ~10-12mag
  - ML: NN, RF, XGB, & LGBM
  - Training: ~6000 stars (Tomo-e)



# Most metal-poor star found in our pilot survey and Nayuta follow-up

TYC4374-998-1  $T_{\text{eff}}=4504[\text{K}]$   $\log g=2.0$   $V_{\text{mic}}=1.4$



# Summary

- 1 star with  $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -2$  and 1 star with  $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim -1.8$  are found after improvements of candidate selection.
- Further improvement is needed.
  - Improvement of machine learning
  - Flux calibration of Tomo-e observation
    - Importance of u-band observation
  - Calibration of iSpec models
    - Enhancement of iSpec models with various abundance
  - Custom-made filters for important lines
- C.f. the success rates of Pristine survey and Skymapper survey are  $>85\%$  and  $93\%$ , respectively.
- 基盤研究A（代表：青木和光）2021-2024年度  
「明るい金属欠乏星の全北天域探査による初代  
星元素合成と初期銀河系形成の解明」  
2022-2023年～本観測